

Jan
2018

Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund

Standard Life
Investments

31 January 2018

The fund aims to provide positive investment returns in the form of income and capital growth in all market conditions over the medium to long term. The fund is actively managed, with a wide investment remit to target a level of return over rolling three-year periods equivalent to cash plus three per-cent a year, gross of fees. It exploits market inefficiencies through active allocation to a diverse range of market positions. The fund uses a combination of traditional assets (such as bonds, cash and money market instruments) and investment strategies based on advanced derivative techniques, resulting in a highly diversified portfolio. The fund can take long and short positions in markets, securities and groups of securities through derivative contracts.

Past performance is not a guide to future returns and future returns are not guaranteed. The price of assets and the income from them may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed; an investor may receive back less than their original investment. The fund will use derivatives extensively to reduce risk or cost, or to generate additional capital or income at low risk, or to meet its investment objective. Usage of derivatives is monitored to ensure that the fund is not exposed to excessive or unintended risks. The value of assets held within the fund may rise and fall as a result of exchange rate fluctuations.

SICAV Fund

Absolute Return Fund

Monthly

Fund Manager	Multi Asset Investing Team
Launch Date	29 Mar 2011
Current Fund Size	£ 1,924.7m
Base Currency	GBP
Benchmark	3 Month Sterling LIBOR
Duration	1.3 Years

This document is intended for use by individuals who are familiar with investment terminology. To help you understand this fund and for a full explanation of specific risks and the overall risk profile of this fund and the shareclasses within it, please refer to the Key Investor Information Documents and Prospectus which are available on our website – www.standardlifeinvestments.com. Please note that the fund information tables are only updated on a quarterly basis (31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December). Due to rounding, the underlying sections may not sum to the total. Standard Life Investments has not considered the suitability of investment against your individual needs and risk tolerance. If you are in any doubt as to whether this fund is suitable for you, you should seek advice. An adviser is likely to charge for advice. We are unable to provide investment advice.

Fund Information *

Stand-alone risk contribution by strategy type

	Stand-alone Vol %
Credit	1.55
Cross Market	0.97
Curve	0.77
Duration	0.61
FX	0.77
Inflation	0.73
Volatility	0.01
Total stand-alone vol:	5.41
Diversification:	2.94
Overall Volatility:	2.47

Top ten risk contributions by strategy

	Stand-alone Vol %
Emerging Markets Income	1.15
Short UK Inflation	0.72
US vs European Real Yields	0.70
Short European Real Yields	0.65
US vs UK Real Yields	0.59
Swedish Flattener vs Canadian Steepener	0.46
German Relative Interest Rates	0.46
UK Interest Rate Income	0.41
Long Indian Rupee vs Swiss Franc	0.37
US Front End Steepener	0.36

Return contribution by strategy type

	Q4 Contribution (%)
Credit	0.56
Cross Market	-0.22
Curve	-0.23
Duration	-0.25
FX	-0.06
Inflation	-0.01
Volatility	-0.28
Cash	0.05
Residual	-0.16
Total:	-0.60

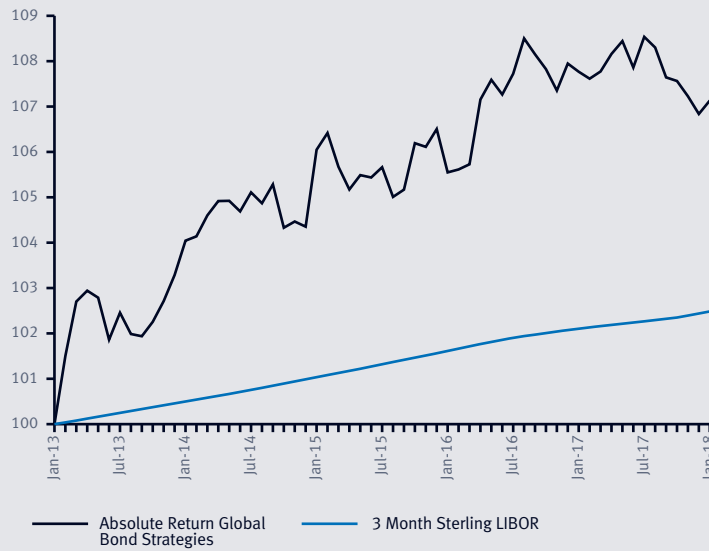
Top 5 Return Contributors by strategy

Top Contributors	Q4 Contribution (%)
Long Indian Rupee vs Swiss Franc	0.23
Contingent Capital Bonds	0.20
German Relative Interest Rates	0.14
Emerging Market Income	0.13
High Yield Credit	0.12

Bottom Contributors	Q4 Contribution (%)
Short European Real Yields	-0.32
Long Interest Rate Volatility	-0.28
US Front End Steepener	-0.27
Long Japanese Yen vs South Korean Won	-0.21
US vs UK Real Yields	-0.10

Fund Performance *

Price Indexed



Performance has been calculated over the stated period on the share price performance basis, based on the institutional shareclass and net of fees. For your relevant charges please contact your Standard Life Investments Sales Representative.

Source: Standard Life Investments (Fund) and Thomson Reuters DataStream (Benchmark)

Cumulative Performance

Source: Standard Life Investments (Fund) and Thomson Reuters DataStream (Benchmark)

	YTD (%)	1 month (%)	3 months (%)	6 months (%)	1 year (%)
Retail Fund Performance	0.2	0.2	-0.6	-1.6	-1.3
Institutional Fund Performance	0.3	0.3	-0.4	-1.3	-0.6
3 Month Sterling LIBOR	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.4

	3 years (%)	5 years (%)	Since launch (%)
Retail Fund Performance	-1.1	3.5	6.4
Institutional Fund Performance	1.0	7.1	11.2
3 Month Sterling LIBOR	1.4	2.5	4.1

Note: Past Performance is not a guide to future performance. The price of shares and the income from them may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed; an investor may receive back less than their original investment.

For full details of the fund's objective, policy, investment and borrowing powers and details of the risks investors need to be aware of, please refer to the prospectus.

Definitions

Duration - gives an indication of a bond's sensitivity to a change in interest rates. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on specified date. It does not include any impact from charges.

Investment Review and Outlook

Market review

Bond markets closed the month notably weaker on the growing likelihood of higher interest rates in the US as well as the commitment by other major central banks to gradually withdraw monetary support. This was exacerbated by renewed speculation that mounting inflationary pressures from rising oil prices and global economic activity would negatively impact fixed-income assets. In this environment, most government bond prices fell (yields rose). Corporate bonds delivered more mixed performance but generally fared better than government issues.

In currency markets, the US dollar continued to decline, a trend encouraged by comments from the US Treasury Secretary that a weaker dollar would benefit the US economy. In the UK, favourable growth and labour market figures, and progress in Brexit talks, bolstered the British pound against other major currencies.

Activity

In light of the current environment of strong global growth, contained inflation and gradual monetary policy tightening, we made several changes to streamline portfolio exposures. These included the removal of two strategies that sought to benefit from steeper interest rate and inflation curves in the US. We believe these will struggle to achieve their upside potential should the Federal Reserve (Fed) continued to deliver interest rate hikes in an environment of below-target inflation. We also removed our direct exposure to the US inflation market as signs of progress on tax reforms caused US inflation expectations to increase. Elsewhere, we closed our German relative interest

rates position after strong performance.

We closed our UK interest rates income strategy and our currency pair favouring the US dollar over the British pound, in order to reduce exposure to the risk of further UK rate hikes and a better-than-expected Brexit deal. We also exited our US versus UK real yields position, preferring to express our reduced optimism on the UK outlook through our short UK inflation strategy.

We closed our currency pair preferring the Swedish krona over the euro, seeking to lower exposure to the risk of the euro strengthening in response to strong growth momentum in the Eurozone. We also exited our position preferring the Japanese yen over the Korean won, as we are now expressing our positive view of the yen against the Canadian dollar.

Finally, we added New Zealand inflation-linked government bonds to the portfolio, aiming to benefit from rising inflation. New Zealand breakeven inflation rates did not participate in the recent global rally and we believe current levels provide a good opportunity for adding real yields exposure in this market.

Performance

The Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund returned 0.28% (net of fees) during the month, compared to the benchmark three-month GBP LIBOR return of 0.04%.

Weakness in government bond markets helped drive positive returns from our short European real yields and long interest rate volatility strategies but was negative for our Australian interest rates strategy. Similarly, interest rates moved against our European long-end steepener and

US versus European real yields strategies.

Strong global growth, renewed hopes for business-friendly fiscal reforms in the US and weakness in the US dollar continued to exert significant influence on capital markets. As a result, our high-yield credit, contingent capital bonds (also called contingent convertible bonds, or 'CoCos') and emerging market income strategies gained.

Elsewhere, our currency pair preferring the Indian rupee over the Swiss franc struggled. The franc appreciated on rising speculation that the Swiss central bank would follow the European Central Bank (ECB) in reducing monetary support.

Outlook

Our central expectation is for continued modest broad-based global growth, albeit with regional variations. Fiscal policy and the changing monetary policies of central banks will be important drivers of asset returns, especially as the pace of change in policies remains uncertain. The US is moving to a tighter monetary environment, albeit on a gradual incline. Improving data in Europe may reduce the ECB's appetite for monetary easing. However, it will likely remain cautious in the near term given the elevated levels of uncertainty around the process of the UK's withdrawal from the European Union. Japan, meanwhile, is likely to remain on a loose monetary path. Geopolitical tensions remain elevated and, on many metrics, asset prices look expensive. We will seek to exploit the opportunities that these conditions present by implementing a diversified range of strategies using multiple asset classes.

Other Fund Information

	Retail Acc	Retail Dist	Institutional Acc	Institutional Dist	Currency
Bloomberg	SLABRBA LX	-	SLABRBD LX	-	GBP
ISIN	LU0548156891	-	LU0548158830	-	GBP
WKN	A1H6U1	-	A1H6U2	-	GBP

Domicile Luxembourg

Custodian Name The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg Branch, 2-4 Rue Eugene Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Auditor Name PricewaterhouseCoopers S.à r.l., Reviseur d'entreprises 400, route d'Esch, L-1014 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

	Interim	Annual
Reporting Dates	30 Jun	31 Dec

Settlement Time	T+3
Email	luxmb-sli-ta@bnymellon.com
Telephone	+352 24 525 716
Share Price Calculation Time	15:00 (Luxembourg time)
Dealing Cut Off Time	13:00 (Luxembourg time)

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Risk Factors

The fund invests in securities which are subject to the risk that the issuer may default on interest or capital payments.

The fund price can go up or down daily for a variety of reasons including changes in interest rates, inflation expectations or the perceived credit quality of individual countries or securities.

The fund may invest in emerging market equities and / or bonds. Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks.

Investing in derivatives carries the risk of reduced liquidity, substantial loss and increased volatility in adverse market conditions, such as a failure amongst market participants. The use of derivatives will result in the fund being leveraged (where economic exposure and thus the potential for loss by the fund exceeds the amount it has invested) and in these market conditions the effect of leverage will be to magnify losses. The fund makes extensive use of derivatives.

The fund invests in high yielding bonds which carry a greater risk of default than those with lower yields.

All investment involves risk. This fund offers no guarantee against loss or that the fund's objective will be attained.

Inflation reduces the buying power of your investment and income.

The value of assets held in the fund may rise and fall as a result of exchange rate fluctuations.

The fund could lose money if an entity (counterparty) with which it does business becomes unwilling or unable to honour its obligations to the fund.

In extreme market conditions some securities may become hard to value or sell at a desired price.

The fund could lose money as the result of a failure or delay in operational processes.

Additional Information for Switzerland : The prospectus, the key investor information documents, the articles of incorporation, the annual and semiannual report in German, and further information can be obtained free of charge from the representative in Switzerland: Carnegie Fund Services S.A., 11, rue du Général-Dufour, CH-1204 Geneva, Switzerland, web: www.carnegie-fund-services.ch. The Swiss paying agent is: Banque Cantonale de Genève, 17, quai de l'Île, CH-1204 Geneva. The last share prices can be found on www.fundinfo.com.

To find out more about our fund range, visit our website or alternatively speak to your usual contact at Standard Life Investments.

www.aberdeenstandard.com